Supplementary Table 1 Legend: Data are means and standard deviations. Race/ethnicity and HbA1c were self-reported. We eliminated HbA1c data that was reported below 4% (n=7) or above 15% (n=28; this included data that appeared to be blood glucose levels in mg/dL e.g., 150, 230).

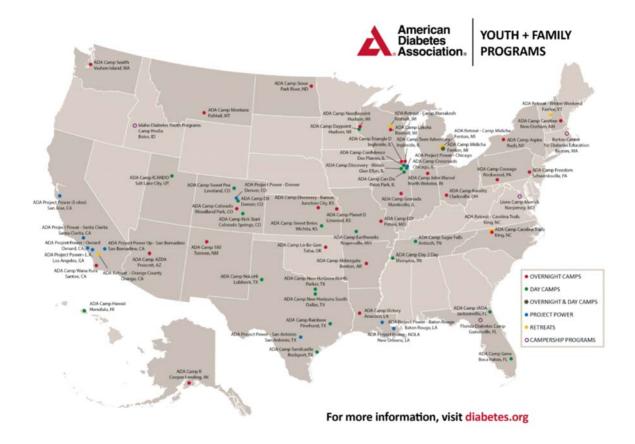
Supplementary Figure 1 Legend: Camp programs for children with type 1 diabetes were held at 44 sites, included 48 programs, and 54 sessions. The ADA camp map also includes Project Power camps, diabetes retreats and other ADA funded camps.

Supplementary Figure 2 Legend: Percentage of patients in each racial/ethnic group from the SEARCH and ADA camp populations, respectively. *indicates specific comparisons with standardized residuals >2 or <2.

Supplementary Table 1. Camper Sociodemographic and clinical characteristics (N=5256)

	n(%) or M <u>+</u> SD
Gender - Female	2885 (54.9%)
Age at camp attendance (in years)	11.8 <u>+</u> 2.8
Diabetes Duration (in years; n=5069)	5.4 <u>+</u> 3.5
Race/ethnicity (n=5252)	
White	4394 (83.7%)
Black	258 (4.9%)
Hispanic	207 (3.9%)
Asian Pacific Islander	52 (1.0%)
American Indian	53 (1.0%)
Multiracial	201 (3.8%)
Other	87 (1.7%)
Household Income (n=3906)	
<25,000	545 (14.0%)
25,00-50000	756 (19.4%)
50000-75000	647 (16.5%)
75000-100000	714 (18.3%)
100,000- 150,000	697 (17.8%)
>150,000	547 (14.0%)
Camp Type Attended	
Day camp	1098 (20.9%)
Residential camp	4158 (79.1%)
First time camper	1628 (31.0%)
Insulin Pump (n=5016)	3667 (73.1%)
Continuous Glucose Monitor (n=5216)	3023 (58.0%)
Hemoglobin A1c (%; n=4856)	8.3 <u>+</u> 1.4

Supplementary Figure 1. ADA-affiliated diabetes camp programs map



Supplementary Figure 2. Racial/Ethnic comparison to SEARCH population data

