Supplementary Table S1. Demographic and baseline characteristics (safety analysis set)

Parameter	Group 1	Group 2	Group 3	Group 4	Total	
	N = 8	N = 17	N = 17	N = 16	N = 58	
Sex (m)	62.5 %	41.2%	52.9%	62.5%	53.4%	
Sex (f)	37.5%	58.8%	47.1%	37.5%	46.6%	
Age [years]	41.6 (8.31)	35.4 (8.66)	34.0 (9.17)	37.5 (8.15)	36.4 (8.76)	
Weight [kg]	76.56 (5.494)	76.81 (6.368)	78.67 (7.897)	73.94 (8.777)	76.53 (7.493)	
BMI [kg/m²]	24.39 (0.960)	24.65 (1.945)	26.21 (2.776)	24.74 (2.962)	25.09 (2.486)	
HbA1c [%]	7.41 (0.210)	6.88 (0.494)	7.24 (0.585)	7.19 (0.571)	7.14 (0.539)	
HbA1c [mmol/mol]	57.5	51.7	55.6	55.1	54.5	
Diabetes duration [years]	19.9 (11.49)	18.4 (10.28)	19.2 (10.43)	18.6 (5.29)	18.9 (9.17)	

For sex, relative (%) numbers of male (m) and female (f) patients are shown. For all other parameters, arithmetic means with standard deviations (SD) are shown. All Patients were white. BMI, body mass index; HbA_{1c} , glycosylated hemoglobin; N, number of subjects.

Supplementary Table S2. Dose Proportionality

Parameter	Treatment/ Comparison	Slope	95% Confidence Interval	
AUC _{0-30min}	Overall	0.885	(0.7403; 1.0292)	
AUC _{0-360min}	Overall	1.029	(0.9667; 1.0904)	
AUC _{0-inf}	Overall	1.030	(0.9683; 1.0916)	
C _{max}	Overall	0.888	(0.7791; 0.9972)	

Supplementary Table S3. Treatment-Emergent Adverse Events (TEAEs)

	Dasiglucagon				GlucaGen				
Dose	0.1 mg	0.3 mg	0.6 mg	1.0 mg	0.5 mg	1.0 mg			
N	6	16	17	16	17	34			
Number of total TEAE	6	26	27	23	21	40			
Most frequent-Treatment-Emergent Adverse Events									
Nausea	1	9	9	7	9	18			
Vomiting	0	6	6	2	4	4			
Headache*	3	8	6	5	1	7			
Injection Site Reactions	1	2	1	3	1	4			
Others	1	3	6	6	6	7			
Ti	reatment-Eme	ergent Hypog	lycemic Event	ts (post-dose)					
	Dasiglucagon				GlucaGen				
Dose	0.1 mg	0.3 mg	0.6 mg	1.0 mg	0.5 mg	1.0 mg			
N	6	16	17	16	17	34			
Post-dose dasiglucagon injection	2#	0	1 [†]	2 [†]					
Post-dose GlucaGen [®] injection					3**	6**			

No severe adverse events occurred. *22 headache events occurred in 19 patients after dosing with dasiglucagon. 3 of these events were considered to be not or unlikely related to study drug due to start time beyond observation period (6 h). *Two hypoglycemic events occurred in the one patient 0.1 and 1.5 h post-dose. The early event after 0.1 h was due to a protracted decline of blood glucose after dosing, as consequence of the insulin-induced hypoglycemic procedure. †Three other patients experienced hypoglycemia more than 100 h after dosing with dasiglucagon. *After GlucaGen, 2 hypoglycemic events occurred immediately post-dose (0.08 and 0.1 h) and seven events occurred after about 4-6 h. The early event after 0.08 h was due to a protracted decline of blood glucose after dosing, as consequence of the insulin-induced hypoglycemic procedure.

Supplementary Figure S1. Chemical structure of dasiglucagon Abbreviated Chemical Name:

H-His-Ser-Gln-Gly-Thr-Phe-Thr-Ser-Asp-Tyr-Ser-Lys-Tyr-Leu-Asp-Aib-Ala-

Arg-Ala-Glu-Glu-Phe-Val-Lys-Trp-Leu-Glu-Ser-Thr-OH, hydrochloride salt

Supplementary Figure S2. Trial Design

