Supplementary Table S1. Eligibility and Exclusion Criteria

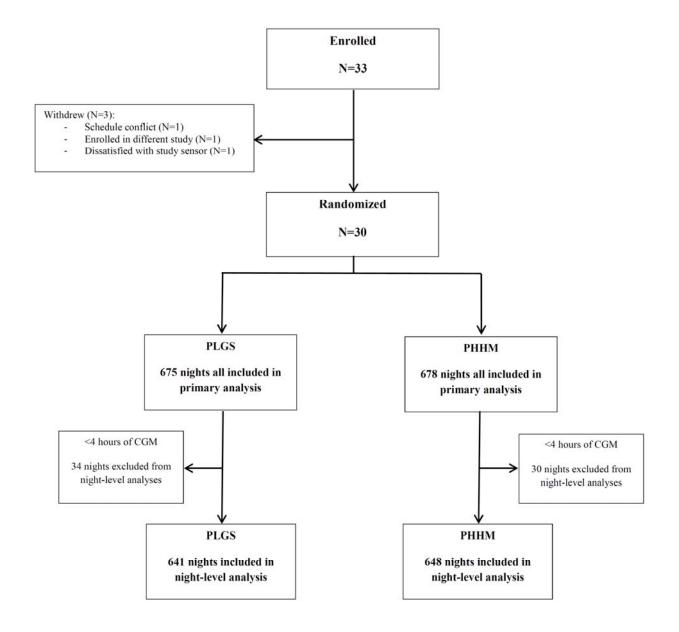
Eligibility Criteria

- 1) Clinical diagnosis of type 1 diabetes and using daily insulin therapy for at least one year and an insulin infusion pump for at least 6 months (*The diagnosis of type 1 diabetes is based on the investigator's judgment; C peptide level and antibody determinations were not required*)
- 2) Age 15 45 years
- 3) Glycated hemoglobin level ≤10.0% (86 mmol/mol)
 - Measured with DCA2000 or equivalent device for assessing eligibility
 - Glycated hemoglobin measurements performed as part of usual clinical care within 2 weeks prior to obtaining informed consent for participation in the trial may be used.
- 4) Uninterrupted internet access while study system in use overnight and for uploading of study data the following morning
- 5) Living with a significant other or family member ("companion") committed to participating in all study activities, and being present and available to provide assistance when the system is in use at night
- 6) An understanding of and willingness to follow the protocol and sign the informed consent

Exclusion Criteria

- 1) Diabetic ketoacidosis in the past 6 months
- 2) Hypoglycemic seizure or loss of consciousness in the past 6 months
- 3) History of seizure disorder (except for hypoglycemic seizure)
- 4) History of any heart disease including coronary artery disease, heart failure, or arrhythmias
- 5) Cystic fibrosis
- 6) Current use of oral/inhaled glucocorticoids, beta-blockers or other medications, which in the judgment of the investigator would be a contraindication to participation in the study.
- 7) History of ongoing renal disease (other than microalbuminuria). Creatinine level to have been obtained within the last year if participant has diabetes of >10 years duration. If creatinine is >1.5 mg/dL (132 µmol/L), the participant is excluded.
- 8) Medical or psychiatric condition that in the judgment of the investigator might interfere with the completion of the protocol such as:
 - > Inpatient psychiatric treatment in the past 6 months
 - > Uncontrolled adrenal disorder
 - ➤ Abuse of alcohol
- 9) Pregnancy
- If female and sexually active, must agree to use a form of contraception to prevent pregnancy while a participant in the study. A negative serum pregnancy test will be required for all premenopausal women who are not surgically sterile. Participants who become pregnant will be discontinued from the study.
- 10) Liver disease as defined by an ALT greater than 3 times the upper limit of normal

Supplementary Figure S2. Study Flowchart



Supplementary Table S3. Participant Characteristics at Enrollment (N=30 Participants) – medians (IQR) or n (%)

Characteristic	
Age (yrs)	31 (22, 38)
Range	15 to 43
Male	15 (50%)
Race	
White non-Hispanic	26 (87%)
Hispanic	2 (7%)
Pacific Islander	1 (3%)
Unknown	1 (3%)
Diabetes duration (yr)	17 (11, 27)
Range	3 to 38
Body-mass index (kg/m ²)	26.4 (23.0, 30.1)
Daily insulin dose (U/kg/day)	0.58 (0.46, 0.68)
Enrollment HbA1c (%)	7.5 (6.9, 7.7)
(mmol/mol)	58 (52, 61)
Randomization HbA1c (%)	7.1 (6.7, 7.4)
(mmol/mol)	54 (50, 57)
End of study HbA1c (%)	7.1 (6.6, 7.4)
(mmol/mol)	54 (49, 57)

Supplementary Table S4. Night-Level Secondary Insulin Outcomes

	PLGS	PHHM	P-value	
	Nights	Nights		
# Randomized Nights with Complete Insulin Data	640*	648		
Total Basal Insulin Units [median (IQR)]	7.0 (4.8, 10.0)	7.2 (5.3, 9.8)	0.37	
Nights with Automatic Boluses $[n(\%)]$	NA	506 (78%)	NA	
Total Automatic Boluses Insulin Units [†] [median (IQR)]	NA	1.2 (0.4, 2.5)	NA	
Number of Automatic Boluses [†] [median (IQR)]	NA	17 (9, 34)	NA	
Nights with Manual Boluses [n(%)]	158 (25%)	109 (17%)	test not done §	
Total Manual Boluses Insulin Units [‡] [median (IQR)]	2.2 (1.3, 4.8)	1.3 (0.6, 2.9)	test not done §	
Number of Manual Boluses [‡] [median (IQR)]	1 (1, 1)	1 (1, 1)	NA	
Nights with Both Automatic and Manual Boluses $[n(\%)]$	NA	85 (13%)	NA	
Total Automatic Boluses Insulin Units* [median (IQR)]	NA	1.8 (0.9, 3.0)	NA	
Number of Automatic Boluses* [median (IQR)]	NA	21 (12, 36)	NA	
Total Manual Boluses Insulin Units [median (IQR)]	NA	1.2 (0.6, 2.8)	NA	
Number of Manual Boluses* [median (IQR)]	NA	1 (1, 1)	NA	
Total Basal and Boluses Insulin Units [median (IQR)]	7.5 (5.2, 10.8)	8.4 (6.0, 12.0)	<0.001	

^{*} One night excluded from all insulin analyses due to missing basal data.

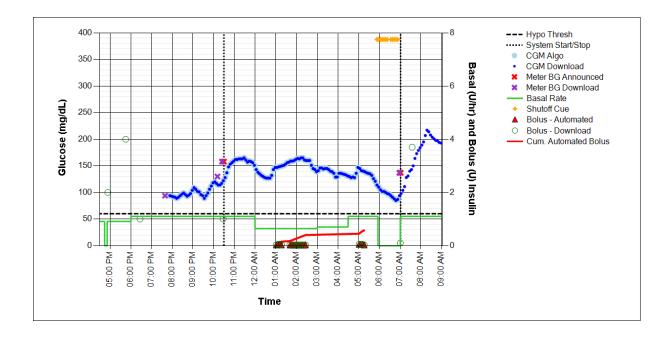
⁺ Among nights with automatic boluses only.

[‡] Among nights with manual boluses only.

^{*}Among nights with both automatic and manual boluses only.

[§] Test not of interest and not done.

Supplementary Figure S5. Representative session plot from a night that included both automated correction boluses and automated predictive low-glucose suspend



Supplementary Table S6. Additional Efficacy and Safety Night-Level Secondary Outcomes*

	PLGS	PHHM	P-value
	Nights	Nights	
# Randomized Nights	641	648	
Hours of Glucose Readings			
median	8.0	8.3	
% Morning with blood glucose [†]			
<60 mg/dL n(%)	2 (<1%)	3 (<1%)	
60 to 69 mg/dL n(%)	5 (<1%)	5 (<1%)	
70 to 180 mg/dL n(%)	421 (66%)	542 (84%)	
181 to 250 mg/dL n(%)	158 (25%)	83 (13%)	
>250 mg/dL n(%)	54 (8%)	15 (2%)	
% Nights with blood ketone ≥0.6			
mmol/L n(%)	3 (<1%)	0 (0%)	NA [‡]
Cumulative Sensor Metrics			
% of nights with glucose level <50 mg/dL for a cumulative duration of			
>5 min <i>n</i> (%)	21 (3%)	29 (4%)	0.20
>60 min <i>n</i> (%)	3 (<1%)	6 (<1%)	NA [‡]
>120 min <i>n</i> (%)	1 (<1%)	4 (<1%)	NA [‡]
>180 min <i>n</i> (%)	1 (<1%)	2 (<1%)	NA [‡]
% of nights with glucose level <60 mg/dL for a cumulative duration of			
>5 min <i>n</i> (%)	64 (10%)	63 (10%)	0.93
>60 min <i>n</i> (%)	19 (3%)	21 (3%)	0.67
>120 min <i>n</i> (%)	2 (<1%)	6 (<1%)	NA [‡]
>180 min <i>n</i> (%)	1 (<1%)	5 (<1%)	NA [‡]
% of nights with glucose level <70 mg/dL for a cumulative duration of			

	PLGS	РННМ	P-value
	Nights	Nights	
>5 min n(%)	113 (18%)	113 (17%)	0.94
>60 min <i>n</i> (%)	52 (8%)	55 (8%)	0.72
>120 min <i>n</i> (%)	16 (2%)	21 (3%)	0.25
>180 min <i>n</i> (%)	4 (<1%)	9 (1%)	0.002
% of nights with glucose level >180 mg/dL for a cumulative duration of			
>5 min n(%)	418 (65%)	402 (62%)	0.01
>60 min <i>n</i> (%)	323 (50%)	284 (44%)	0.002
>120 min <i>n</i> (%)	254 (40%)	197 (30%)	<0.001
>180 min <i>n</i> (%)	201 (31%)	152 (23%)	<0.001
% of nights with glucose level >250 mg/dL for a cumulative duration of			
>5 min <i>n</i> (%)	163 (25%)	103 (16%)	<0.001
>60 min <i>n</i> (%)	92 (14%)	44 (7%)	<0.001
>120 min <i>n</i> (%)	74 (12%)	31 (5%)	<0.001
>180 min <i>n</i> (%)	48 (7%)	19 (3%)	<0.001
% of nights with glucose level >300 mg/dL for a cumulative duration of			
>5 min <i>n</i> (%)	40 (6%)	26 (4%)	0.02
>60 min <i>n</i> (%)	29 (5%)	11 (2%)	<0.001
>120 min <i>n</i> (%)	17 (3%)	6 (<1%)	<0.001
>180 min <i>n</i> (%)	9 (1%)	2 (<1%)	NA [‡]
Consecutive Sensor Metrics			
% of nights with glucose level <50 mg/dL consecutively for a duration of			
>10 min <i>n</i> (%)	20 (3%)	28 (4%)	0.18
>25 min <i>n</i> (%)	12 (2%)	16 (2%)	0.30

	PLGS PHHM		P-value	
	Nights	Nights		
>30 min <i>n</i> (%)	9 (1%)	14 (2%)	0.11	
>60 min <i>n</i> (%)	3 (<1%)	6 (<1%)	NA [‡]	
>120 min <i>n</i> (%)	1 (<1%)	4 (<1%)	NA [‡]	
% of nights with glucose level <60 mg/dL consecutively for a duration of				
>10 min <i>n</i> (%)	58 (9%)	57 (9%)	0.86	
>25 min <i>n</i> (%)	35 (5%)	43 (7%)	0.30	
>30 min <i>n</i> (%)	32 (5%)	38 (6%)	0.38	
>60 min <i>n</i> (%)	17 (3%)	16 (2%)	0.73	
>120 min <i>n</i> (%)	1 (<1%)	4 (<1%)	NA [‡]	
% of nights with glucose level <70 mg/dL consecutively for a duration of				
>10 min <i>n</i> (%)	105 (16%)	108 (17%)	0.74	
>25 min <i>n</i> (%)	84 (13%)	84 (13%)	0.99	
>30 min <i>n</i> (%)	76 (12%)	76 (12%)	0.97	
>60 min <i>n</i> (%)	51 (8%)	46 (7%)	0.51	
>120 min <i>n</i> (%)	13 (2%)	15 (2%)	0.49	
% of nights with glucose level >180 mg/dL consecutively for a duration of				
>30 min <i>n</i> (%)	366 (57%)	337 (52%)	0.004	
>60 min <i>n</i> (%)	316 (49%)	273 (42%)	<0.001	
>120 min <i>n</i> (%)	224 (35%)	176 (27%)	<0.001	
% of nights with glucose level >250 mg/dL consecutively for a duration of				
>30 min <i>n</i> (%)	116 (18%)	66 (10%)	<0.001	
>60 min <i>n</i> (%)	84 (13%)	42 (6%)	<0.001	
>120 min <i>n</i> (%)	64 (10%)	24 (4%)	<0.001	

	PLGS	PHHM	P-value
	Nights	Nights	
% of nights with glucose level >300 mg/dL consecutively for a duration of			
>30 min <i>n</i> (%)	32 (5%)	16 (2%)	< 0.001
>60 min <i>n</i> (%)	25 (4%)	11 (2%)	< 0.001
>120 min <i>n</i> (%)	14 (2%)	4 (<1%)	NA [‡]

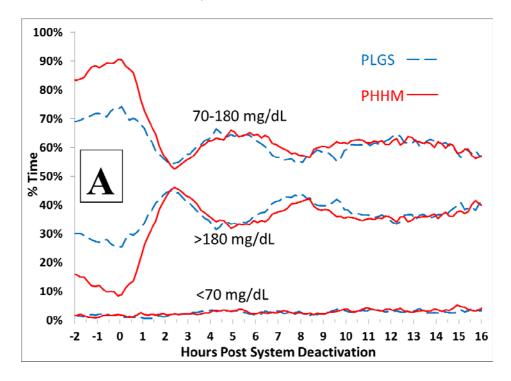
^{*}Glucose results from CGM unless specified as blood glucose.

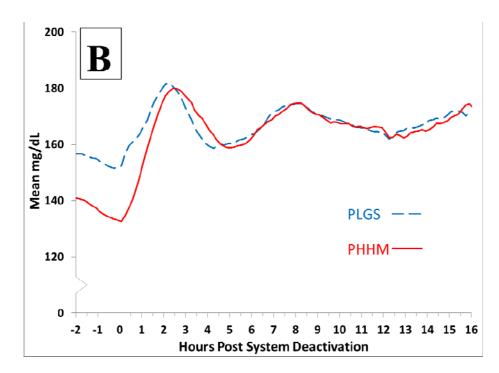
To convert glucose to mmol/L, multiply by 0.0555.

⁺One PLGS night without morning blood glucose data

[‡]Too few events for formal statistical comparison

Supplementary Figure S7. Percent Time Glucose in Range 70 to 180, Below 70, and Above 180 mg/dL (A) and Mean Glucose (B) after System Deactivation for the Two Treatment Arms





Supplementary Table S8. System Performance Metrics (N=30 Participants)

	PLGS	РННМ	All
	Nights	Nights	Nights
% Time CGM device functional while controller was active (i.e. readings available in post-hoc device download)	92%	91%	91%
% of available CGM readings obtained by controller			
within 10 minutes of CGM reading	93%	92%	92%
within 20 minutes of CGM reading	97%	97%	97%
% Automatic Bolus Requests Successfully Delivered	NA	95%	NA
% Nights with an Automatic Bolus and a subsequent CGM reading $<60 \text{ mg/dL } n(\%)$	NA	6 (9%)	NA
Among PLGS nights with CGM >140 mg/dL, % algorithm would have recommended an Automatic Bolus within the prior 2 hr $n(\%)$	78 (79%)	NA	NA
Among PLGS nights when algorithm would have recommended an Automatic Bolus, % with CGM >140 mg/dL within 2 hr of first recommendation $n(\%)$	434 (91%)	NA	NA

To convert glucose to mmol/L, multiply by 0.055